#### § 300.509

- (ii) Make those findings and decisions available to the public.
- (b) Parents involved in hearings must be given the right to—
- (1) Have the child who is the subject of the hearing present; and
  - (2) Open the hearing to the public.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1415(d))

### §300.509 Hearing decision; appeal.

A decision made in a hearing conducted under §300.506 is final, unless a party to the hearing appeals the decision under §300.510 or §300.511.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1415(c))

# § 300.510 Administrative appeal; impartial review.

- (a) If the hearing is conducted by a public agency other than the SEA, any party aggrieved by the findings and decision in the hearing may appeal to the SEA.
- (b) If there is an appeal, the SEA shall conduct an impartial review of the hearing. The official conducting the review shall:
- (1) Examine the entire hearing record.
- (2) Ensure that the procedures at the hearing were consistent with the requirements of due process.
- (3) Seek additional evidence if necessary. If a hearing is held to receive additional evidence, the rights in 300.508 apply.
- (4) Afford the parties an opportunity for oral or written argument, or both, at the discretion of the reviewing official.
- (5) Make an independent decision on completion of the review.
- (6) Give a copy of written findings and the decision to the parties.
- (c) The SEA, after deleting any personally identifiable information, shall—
- (1) Transmit the findings and decisions referred to in paragraph (b)(6) of this section to the State advisory panel established under §300.650; and
- (2) Make those findings and decisions available to the public.
- (d) The decision made by the reviewing official is final unless a party brings a civil action under § 300.511.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1415(c), (d); H. R. Rep. No. 94–664, at p. 49 (1975))

NOTE 1: The SEA may conduct its review either directly or through another State agency acting on its behalf. However, the SEA remains responsible for the final decision on review.

NOTE 2: All parties have the right to continue to be represented by counsel at the State administrative review level, whether or not the reviewing official determines that a further hearing is necessary. If the reviewing official decides to hold a hearing to receive additional evidence, the other rights in § 300.508 relating to hearings also apply.

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### §300.511 Civil action.

Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made in a hearing who does not have the right to appeal under §300.510, and any party aggrieved by the decision of a reviewing officer under §300.510, has the right to bring a civil action under section 615(e)(2) of the Act.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1415)

## § 300.512 Timelines and convenience of hearings and reviews.

- (a) The public agency shall ensure that not later than 45 days after the receipt of a request for a hearing—
- (1) A final decision is reached in the hearing; and
- (2) A copy of the decision is mailed to each of the parties.
- (b) The SEA shall ensure that not later than 30 days after the receipt of a request for a review—
- $(\hat{1})$  A final decision is reached in the review; and
- (2) A copy of the decision is mailed to each of the parties.
- (c) A hearing or reviewing officer may grant specific extensions of time beyond the periods set out in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section at the request of either party.
- (d) Each hearing and each review involving oral arguments must be conducted at a time and place that is reasonably convenient to the parents and child involved.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1415)

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[57 FR 44798, Sept. 29, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 13528, Mar. 11, 1993]